# SMART OXYGEN"

Using Oxygen For Animal Therapy - The Smart Way











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The Smart Oxygen kit includes the following components required for both nebulisation and delivery of oxygen:

- Venturi (x 6) green, red, yellow, white, blue and a blank opaque (no holes)
- Nebuliser
- · Double male connector
- 2m oxygen tube

### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE**

- Connect the blank opaque Venturi (no holes) to one end of theoxygen tube.
- 2. Attach this to the oxygen supply.
- Insert one end of the double male connector to the Smart Oxygen inlet.

#### For Nebulisation

- Unscrew the top half of the nebuliser and add the medication.
- Keep the nebuliser vertical whilst screwing back together.
- Attach the open end of the oxygen tube to the base of the nebuliser.

- Attach the top of the nebuliser to the double male connector, fitted to the Smart Oxygen inlet.
- Turn on the oxygen at the required flow rate to nebulise the medication.

# For Oxygen Therapy

- Attach the relevant colour Venturi to the end of the oxygen tube.
- 5. Attach the Venturi to the double male connector.
- Turn on the oxygen to the required flow rate (minimum of 2 litres per minute).

# IMPORTANT POINTS TO BE AWARE OF REGARDING OXYGEN THERAPY

- Excess oxygen can be harmful.
- As with many drugs, oxygen can lead to toxicity and too much oxygen can be harmful to lungs (pulmonary endothelium).
- A maximum of 60% oxygen in the air-oxygen mixture is recommended.
   It is best practice to decrease the amount of supplemented oxygen as soon as possible.
- Increased oxygen in the environment has potential for fire risks so ensure that adequate precautions are taken before, during and after the use of Smart Oxygen.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE

#### HOW THE VENTURI WORKS

- · Oxygen flows into the Venturi chamber.
- As the oxygen passes through the chamber it draws in air which then mixes with the oxygen
- The larger the size of the holes in the Venturi, the more air is drawn in.
- The ratio of oxygen to air in the mixture is consistent for each Venturi regardless of the oxygen flow rate.
- The resulting mixture then flows into the Smart Oxygen.

#### WHICH VENTURI TO USE

- Oxygen requirements vary depending on the particular ailment, for example, an animal with fractured ribs only needs 24-28% oxygen in the mixture, whereas an animal with congestive heart failure requires 60% oxygen.
- Each Venturi delivers a different amount of oxygen, increaseing from 24% through to 60% as shown opposite.

CONDITIONS	EXAMPLES	VENT	URI
<ul> <li>Mechanical or physiological impairment of ventilation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Rabbit preoxygenation and post-operative oxygenation</li> </ul>	24%	
		28%	$\bigcirc$
<ul> <li>Alveolar oxygen exchange mechanism is unaffected</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ruptured diaphragm</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Rib fractures</li> </ul>		
Alveolar oxygen exchange mechanism is impaired	Chronic bronchitis     Mild pulmonary	35% 40%	
	contusion	40 /0	
Alveolar oxygen exchange	Broncopneumonia	60%	•
	<ul> <li>Severe pulmonary contusion</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Congestive heart failure mechanism is severely impaired</li> </ul>		

#### HOW TO CALCULATE THE TOTAL AIR-OXYGEN FLOW RATES

The Smart Oxygen measures approximately 46cm x 30cm x 30cm which gives a total volume of about 42 litres.

- · Select the relevant Venturi for the condition.
- Calculate minute tidal volume as follows: 10ml/kg x breaths per minute.
- To ensure that adequate air-oxygen is replenished into the Smart Oxygen, aim for an in-flow of at least twice the minute tidal volume per minute.

# **Example**

For a 10kg animal breathing 12 times per minute, this gives a minute tidal volume of 1200ml per minute (or 1.2l/min). Twice that is 2.4l/min.

From the table opposite, using a 35% Venturi gives a 4.6:1 ratio of air:oxygen.

The minimum oxygen flow is 2l/min.

The following equations give the total flow and oxygen flow:

Total flow = (air component + oxygen component) x oxygen flow

Oxygen flow = Total flow / (air component + oxygen component)

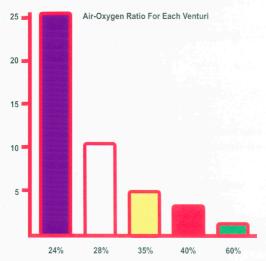
Using the example figures, the total flow will be:

 $(4.6 + 1) \times 2$ 

= 11.2l/minTo fill the Smart Oxygen initially it will therefore take:

42I / 11.2I/min = 3min45s (Volume of Smart Oxygen / total flow)

Ventur	Air-oxygen Ratio	Air Component + Oxygen Component
24%	25.3:1	26.3
28%	10.3:1	11.3
35%	4.6:1	5.6
40%	3.0:1	4.0
60%	1.0:1	2.0



#### Instructions for fitting the Smart Oxygen bulkhead:

The bulkhead has to be attached prior to use.

Ensure a washer is on each piece of the bulkhead illustrated as A and B.

Slide A of the bulkhead between the PVC cover and the basket to the opening.

Insert B of the bulkhead into the opening in the PVC and align with A.

Screw A and B together resulting with the connector pointing down.

Always leave the basket inside the PVC cover.





#### Cleaning instructions

Wipe cover with a damp sponge and disinfectant following the instructions provided by the disinfectant manufacturer. Some disinfectants may cause discolouration/depreciation of the PVC. Do not use cleaners containing acid or solvents.